

TRAVERTINO OCEAN BLACK



Origin Italy

Petrographic classification Sedimentary rocks - biochemical sedimentary rocks -

Travertine (EN 12670)

Appearance Beige-grey compact limestone (travertine) with pronounced

lined drawing. The drawing is very heterogeneous and especially band-shaped (horizontal and parallel; sawn perpendicular to layering). The surface contains small openings that may or may not be filled depending on the

demand.

Alternative names

Usage

General Applications

Recommendations

The stone and surface finish should be selected depending on the intended use.

Internal Applications

- Inside Paving
- Wall cladding
- Worktops
- Decorative cut-to-size
- Stairs
- Shower

Outdoor Applications

- Facade cladding

- This stone can be used as a kitchen worktop or in shower areas, but is more susceptible to staining and discolouring in these applications.- The polished finish is preferably used as a wall covering, as a floor finish only to be used in areas with limited wear resistance requirements, eg bathroom.

Hardness (Mohs) Weight Water absorption **Porosity** 2510 kg/m³ 0.8 % 4.81 % EN 1936 EN 13755 EN 1936 **Compressive strength** Wear resistance FROSt RESISTANCE Flexural strength NPD* 78 ± 13 MPa 11,6 ± 2,1 MPa 20,2, mm EN 1926 EN 12372 EN 14157

NPD*: geen technische gegevens beschikbaar - no technical data available - pas d' informations techniques disponibles

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Observations and recommendations

- Shades of color and / or granulometry may be present between the different batches and even within the same batch.
- Some open pores and veins can be filed / masticated in production. Thin open veins and spots may appear after installation.
- Small holes may appear on the surface of this natural stone. This is an intrinsic characteristic of the material which can therefore not be subject to claims. These holes may be clogged during the re-grouting of the slabs.
- Due to the mineralogical composition, this material is not resistant to acids.
- Veins and / or fossils may appear due to geological formation. These are not technical defects and they are part of the material.
- This natural stone is often stuck to a net on the back side. This protects it from breakage resulting from transport and further processing or others.
- For outdoor applications, no filled / masticated materials may be used.

Installation

General

Instalation system

Joint Width

General procedures of good workmanship should be followed when laying the tiles (cfr. BBRI: Belgian Building & Research Institute ref. 137 Guide for Installing - Natural Stone and ref. 213). Immediately after delivery, the material will be stored indoors or at least protected from rain, wind and frost. If slabs are damaged or broken, the supplier must be informed before installation. They will then be used, as far as possible, against walls or for certain cuts.

Before installation, the installer will examine the slabs (previously dried) with the client and / or the architect to check for any deviations from the samples. The slabs will be carefully mixed before laying, in order to obtain a harmonious distribution of colors and various shades of the material. Important: "Installation means acceptation!", It means that AFTER the installation, no more claims will be possible, except for hidden defects.

Flooring Inside

The tiles are installed with a flexible adhesive (eg BELTRAFLEX) on a dry screed. When installing in combination with underfloor heating, the supplier's instructions must be strictly followed (see also the brochure on this subject from the BBRI-TI 179 and 189).

Exterieur Flooring

Not suitable for outdoor paving

3 - 5 mm (sawn edges)

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4 - 6 mm (sawn edges)

Maintenance

General

First cleaning

Regular maintanance

Protection

Recommendations

For more information on maintenance, see the document entitled "Care instructions" (available from us). We recommend that you follow these instructions so as not to damage the stone. The products used must be suitable for the materials. Follow the manufacturer's advice. In general, it must be stated that no moisture may be exaggerated when maintaining natural stone!

First cleaning with a suitable cleaning agent (eg Lithofin Multi-Cleaner - note: does not contain acid) applicable one week after rejointing the floor. If a cement veil should appear, use the same product combined with a single-disc machine.

Use for regular maintenance a product suitable for natural stone, such as Lithofin Wash & Clean. In order to better protect the surface finish, we advise to treat it periodically (1 to 2 times per month) with a nourishing product for natural stone, such as Lithofin Care-Sheen.

When the floor is completely dry we strongly recommend to protect sensitive areas (kitchen, bathroom, etc.) with a suitable sealer (e.g. Lithofin MN Stain Stop ECO).

Do not use any acid-based products for the maintenance of this natural stone.

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